# COOCH BEHAR PANCHANAN BARMA UNIVERSITY 

B.Sc. Honours 6th Semester Examination, 2021

## Mathematics

## Dynamics of Particle

## Core-13

Time Allotted: 2 Hours
Full Marks: 40
The figures in the margin indicate full marks. All symbols are of usual significance.

## Answer any two questions

1. (a) A particle is attracted by a force to a fixed point varying inversely as the $n$th power of the distance; if the velocity acquired by it in falling from an infinite distance to a distance ' $\boldsymbol{a}$ ' from the centre is equal to the velocity that would be acquired by it in falling from rest at a distance ' $a$ ' to a distance $\frac{a}{4}$, show that $n=\frac{3}{2}$.
(b) A particle, of mass $m$, is projected vertically upwards under gravity, the resistance of the air being $m k$ times the velocity. Show that the greatest height attained by the particle is $\frac{V^{2}}{g}[\lambda-\log (1-\lambda)]$; where $V$ is the terminal velocity of the particle and $\lambda V$ is its initial vertical velocity.
2. (a) A point starts from the origin in the direction of the initial line with velocity $\frac{f}{a}$ and moves with constant angular velocity ' $a$ ' about the origin and with constant negative radial acceleration $-f$. Show that the rate of growth of the radial velocity is never positive, but tends to the limit zero, and prove that the equation of the path is $a^{2} r=f\left(1-e^{-\theta}\right)$.
(b) If a planet were suddenly stopped in its orbit, supposed circular, show that it would fall into the Sun in a time which is $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8}$ times the period of the planet's revolution.
3. (a) A particle moves with a central acceleration $\mu\left(r^{5}-c^{4} r\right)$; being projected from an apse at distance ' $c$ ' with a velocity $\sqrt{\frac{2 \mu}{3}} c^{3}$. Show that the path is described by $x^{4}+y^{4}=c^{4}$.
(b) A heavy chain, of length $l$, is held by its upper end so that its lower end is at a height $l$ above a horizontal plane; if the upper end is let go, show that at the instant when half the chain is coiled up on the plane the pressure on the plane is to the weight of the chain in the ratio of $7: 2$.

COOCH BEHAR PANCHANAN BARMA UNIVERSITY
B.Sc. Honours 6th Semester Examination, 2021

## PhYSICS

## Electromagnetic Theory

## Core-13

Time Allotted: 2 Hours
Full Marks: 25

> The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
> Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
> All symbols are of usual significance.

## Answer any one question from the following

$25 \times 1=25$

1. (a) State the boundary conditions to be satisfied by electromagnetic field vectors
$\mathbf{E}, \mathbf{D}, \mathbf{B}$ and $\mathbf{H}$ at the plane interface of two media.
(b) A plane e.m. wave is incident obliquely on a boundary between media of different electric and magnetic properties. Derive Fresnel's equations for the cases when, electric field, $\mathbf{E}$ is (i) perpendicular and (ii) parallel to the plane of incidence. Hence prove Brewster's law in case of polarization by reflection.
2. (a) What is meant by an elliptically and a circularly polarized light? How are $6+8$ elliptically and circularly polarized light can be produced experimentally?
(b) What is rotatory polarization? Give theory of optical rotation. $3+8$

# COOCH BEHAR PANCHANAN BARMA UNIVERSITY 

B.Sc. Honours 6th Semester Examination, 2021

## Chemistry

## Inorganic Chemistry-IV

## Core-13

Full Marks: 25
Time Allotted: 2 Hours
The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

## Answer any one question from the following <br> $25 \times 1=25$

1. (a) How would you distinguish between bridging and terminal CO in carbonyls? 3
(b) What is the expected product when $\mathrm{Co}_{2}(\mathrm{CO})_{8}$ was treated with NO? Provide 3 explanation.
(c) Find out the value of $x$ in $\mathrm{Co}_{2}(\mathrm{CO})_{x}\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{2}\right)$.
(d) CO cannot form complex with $\mathrm{H}^{+}$but can form with Fe - Explain. 3
(e) Arrange the following in the increasing order of back bonding
(i) $\mathrm{Cr}(\mathrm{CO})_{6}$
(ii) $\left[\mathrm{Mn}(\mathrm{CO})_{6}\right]^{+}$
(iii) $\left[\mathrm{Ti}(\mathrm{CO})_{6}\right]^{2-}$
(iv) $\left[\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{CO})_{6}\right]^{-}$
(f) Predict the product with chemical equations.
(i) To a dry THF solution of $\mathrm{Co}_{2}(\mathrm{CO})_{8}, \mathrm{Na}$-amalgam is added and refluxed.
(ii) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$ is added to $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CO})_{4}$ solution in THF.
(g) What is metathesis reaction? 2
(h) How does the mode of chemical reactivity change when free alkene is coordinated towards transition metal?
(i) Write about the structure and bonding of Zeise's salt.
(b) How would you show the rapid interchange of alkyl groups present in $\mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{6}$ ?
(c) Draw the most stable structure of the oxidative addition product of Vaska's 2 complex with $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ molecule - Explain.
(d) Hydroformylation reaction should be considered as the hydrocarbonylation reaction - Explain.
(e) Draw the structure and stereochemistry of the product when $\mathrm{Co}_{2}(\mathrm{CO})_{8}$ is treated with $\mathrm{H}_{2}$. - Explain. Mention also application of that product in organometallic chemistry.
(f) Manganese cannot form mononuclear homoleptic neutral carbonyl — Explain. 2
(g) How ferrocene could be prepared? Why it could not undergo nitration reaction $2+2+2$ similar to that of benzene? Show how nitro ferrocene could be prepared.
(h) What are spectator ligands? How does the ligand cone angle of phosphine $1+3$ derivatives influence the substitution reaction of organometallic compounds?
(i) Give one limitation of 18 -electron rule.

## COOCH BEHAR PANCHANAN BARMA UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. Honours 6th Semester Examination, 2021

## Mathematics

## Numerical Methods

## Core-14

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. All symbols are of usual significance.

## Answer any one question

1. (a) Deduce Lagrange's interpolation formula for $(n+1)$ number of points.
(b) Find the missing term from the following table:

| $x$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(x)$ | 1 | 3 | 9 | - | 81 |

(c) Find a real root of the equation $x^{3}-9 x+1=0$ by Bisection method correct upto two decimal place.
2. (a) Use Runge-Kutta method of order four to approximate $y$, when $x=1.1$. Given that

$$
\frac{d y}{d x}=3 x+y^{2}, \quad y(1)=1.2
$$

(b) Establish Trapezoidal rule for numerical integration.
(c) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{1} \sqrt{1-x^{2}} d x$ using Simpson's $1 / 3$ rule for $n=6$.
B.Sc. Honours 6th Semester Examination, 2021

## PHYSICS

## Statistical Mechanics

## Core-14

> The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
> Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
> All symbols are of usual significance.

## Answer any one question from the following

$25 \times 1=25$

1. What is Bose-Einstein statistics? What are the basic postulates used? Derive an expression for the most probable distribution of the particles of a system obeying Bose-Einstein statistics.
2. Discuss Gibbs paradox by deriving necessary equations. Obtain Sackur Tetrode equation from it.

## COOCH BEHAR PANCHANAN BARMA UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. Honours 6th Semester Examination, 2021

## Chemistry

# Physical Chemistry <br> Core-14 

Time Allotted: 2 Hours
Full Marks: 25

> The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.
Answer any one question from the following ..... $25 \times 1=25$

1. (a) Find out whether $\psi=\cos x$ is well-behaved or not. ..... 2
(b) Why pure vibrational transition without affecting rotation is not permitted? ..... 2
(c) What are the differences between hot band and overtone in IR spectroscopy? ..... 2
(d) What are Stokes and Anti-Stokes lines in Raman Spectroscopy? ..... 2
(e) What are the main characteristics of an anharmonic oscillator? ..... 2
(f) What are the advantages of Raman Spectroscopy over Infra-red Spectroscopy? ..... 3
(g) As the number of nodes increases, the energy of the system also increases ..... 2

- Explain.(h) A particle of mass, $m$, is in a $3 D$ cube with sides $L$. It is in third excited state,2 corresponding to $n^{2}=11$. Calculate the possible combinations of $n_{1}, n_{2}$ and $n_{3}$.
(i) What are $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{R}$ branches in vibrational-rotational spectroscopy?2
(j) The distinguish between fluorescence and phosphorescence. ..... 3
(k) State and explain Lambert-Beer law. What is the significance of molar extinction ..... $2+1$
coefficient?

2. (a) Verify that $\psi=\sin a x$ [where $a$ is a constant] is not an eigen function of $\frac{d}{d x}$. Modify the operator so that the said function will be an eigen function. Find out the eigen value.
(b) What do you mean by 'infrared active' and 'microwave active' molecules in spectroscopy? Give examples.
(c) Show that the de Broglie's hypothesis leads to Bohr's postulate of quantisation of angular momentum.
(d) Set up the Schrodinger equation for a particle in a one-dimensional box. Show that the solution of this equation leads to the quantization of translational motion. Why a value of quantum number $n=0$ is not permitted?
(e) State and explain the laws of photochemistry. Define quantum yield. $2+2$
(f) What is Raman spectroscopy? What is the quantum mechanical explanation of $1+2$ Raman effect?
(g) Calculate the energy (in eV) of an Einstein of radiation of wave length 300 nm . 2
(h) The fundamental vibrational frequency of HCl is $2590 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Calculate the force 3 constant of HCl molecule.


# COOCH BEHAR PANCHANAN BARMA UNIVERSITY 

B.Sc. Honours 6th Semester Examination, 2021

## Physics

## Experimental Techniques

## DSE-3

Time Allotted: 2 Hours
Full Marks: 25
The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
All symbols are of usual significance.


#### Abstract

Answer any one question from the following $25 \times 1=25$ 1. (a) Write short notes on Pirani gauge and Ionization gauge with schematic diagrams $20+5=25$ for the measurement of pressure. (b) A capacitor of value $(1.0 \pm 0.1) \mu \mathrm{F}$ is charged to a voltage of $(20 \pm 1) \mathrm{V}$, where the errors are standard deviations. Find the charge on the capacitor and its standard deviation. 2. (a) Explain the operation of a Q-meter for measurement of capacitance. (b) Explain the construction, working principle, advantages and applications of linear variable differential transformer (LVDT).




# COOCH BEHAR PANCHANAN BARMA UNIVERSITY 

B.Sc. Honours 6th Semester Examination, 2021

## Mathematics

Number Theory

## DSE-3

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. All symbols are of usual significance.

Answer any two from the following questions

1. (a) If $m$ be a positive integer and $a$ is prime to $m$, then show that $a^{\phi(m)} \equiv 1(\bmod m)$. 10
(b) If $p$ and $2 p+1$ are both odd prime and $n=4 p$, then show that 10
$\phi(n+2)=\phi(n)+2$.
2. (a) Prove that product of any three consecutive integers is divisible by $6 . \quad 10$
(b) State and prove Chinese remainder theorem. 10
3. (a) Find the general solution in integers of the equation $5 x+12 y=80$ and examine if there is a solution in positive integers.
(b) Show that the integer $2^{k}$ has no primitive root for $k \geq 3$.

## COOCH BEHAR PANCHANAN BARMA UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. Honours 6th Semester Examination, 2021

# Chemistry Polymer Chemistry 

DSE-3

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.
Answer any one question from the following ..... $25 \times 1=25$

1. (a) Write down the preparation, structure, properties and uses of polycarbonate. ..... 5
(b) What is coordination polymerization? Give an example with detailed mechanism. ..... 5
(c) Average is essential to assign molar mass of a polymer. - Explain. ..... 2
(d) Discuss in brief the modes of formation of polymers. ..... 5
(e) What is coordination polymerization? Give an example with detailed mechanism. ..... 5
(f) Consider a polymer, which contains four molecular weight polymeric units in ..... 3different numbers and weight. Calculate the number average molecular weight forthe same.

| Polymer <br> entity | Number of units in each <br> entity, n | Molecular weight of each grams, <br> $\mathrm{M}(\mathrm{g})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Poly-1 | 2 | 10000 |
| Poly-2 | 4 | 15000 |
| Ploy-3 | 6 | 20000 |
| Poly-4 | 5 | 25000 |

2. (a) What are semi-synthetic polymers? Give two examples. ..... 2
(b) Derive the integrated rate equation for a condensation reaction when a mineral ..... 5acid is used as a catalyst.
(c) What is Carother's equation? How is it important in polymer chemistry? ..... 3
(d) Depict a free radical mode of addition polymerization for isoprene. ..... 4
(e) Deduce the relationship between average functionality, extent of reaction and ..... 4degree of polymerization.
(f) What do you mean by co-polymers? Why does styrene undergo anionic ..... 3polymerization easily?
(g) A polymer contains two equal number of particle with molecular weight $15,000 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ and $25000 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$. Calculate the number average and weight average molecular weight of the polymer.


# COOCH BEHAR PANCHANAN BARMA UNIVERSITY 

B.Sc. Honours 6th Semester Examination, 2021

## Physics

## Nuclear and Particle Physics

## DSE-4

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
All symbols are of usual significance.

## Answer any two questions from the following

1. Given the following information for several light nuclei ( $1 \mathrm{amu}=931.5 \mathrm{MeV}$ )

| Nuclide | ${ }_{0}^{1} \mathrm{n}$ | ${ }_{1}^{1} \mathrm{H}$ | ${ }_{1}^{2} \mathrm{H}$ | ${ }_{1}^{3} \mathrm{H}$ | ${ }_{2}^{4} \mathrm{He}$ | ${ }_{3}^{7} \mathrm{Li}$ | ${ }_{5}^{10} \mathrm{~B}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nuclide mass (amu) | 1.00866 | 1.00783 | 2.01410 | 3.01605 | 4.02719 | 7.01600 | 10.01294 |

(a) What is the maximum-energy of the $\beta$-particle emitted when ${ }_{1}^{3} \mathrm{H}$ decays to ${ }_{2}^{3} \mathrm{H}$ ?
(b) Obtain the $Q$-values for the following two nuclear reactions:
(i) ${ }_{3}^{7} \mathrm{Li}+{ }_{2}^{4} \mathrm{He} \rightarrow{ }_{5}^{10} \mathrm{~B}+{ }_{0}^{1} \mathrm{n}$
(ii) ${ }_{1}^{2} \mathrm{H}+{ }_{1}^{2} \mathrm{H} \rightarrow{ }_{1}^{3} \mathrm{H}+{ }_{1}^{1} \mathrm{H}$
2. Describe the principle and basic design of cyclotron accelerators.
3. Describe nuclear beta decay. How Pauli rescued the spin conservation in nuclear beta decay with his neutrino hypothesis?

# COOCH BEHAR PANCHANAN BARMA UNIVERSITY 

B.Sc. Honours 6th Semester Examination, 2021

## Mathematics

## Boolean Algebra \& Discrete Mathematics

## DSE-4

Time Allotted: 2 Hours
Full Marks: 40
The figures in the margin indicate full marks. All symbols are of usual significance.

## Answer any two questions

1. (a) Find the CNF of the following Boolean Function

$$
f(x, y, z)=x y z+(x+y)(y+z)
$$

(b) Solve the recurrence relation $a_{n+2}-6 a_{n+1}+9 a_{n}=3\left(2^{n}\right)+7\left(3^{n}\right)$ with the initial conditions $a_{0}=1, a_{1}=4$.
2. (a) Show that the intersection of two sublattices is a sublattice. Is the union of any two sublattices also a sublattice? Give reason for your answer.
(b) Find the number of mathematics students at a college taking atleast one of the languages French, German and Russian, given the following data:

65 study French, 20 study French and German
45 study German, 25 study French and Russian
42 study Russian, 15 study German and Russian,
8 study all three languages.
3. (a) Find the prime implicants and a minimal sum-of-products form for the following complete sum-of-product Boolean expression:

$$
E=x y z+x y z^{\prime}+x^{\prime} y z^{\prime}+x^{\prime} y^{\prime} z
$$

(b) Draw a logic circuit with inputs $A, B, C$ and output $Y$ which corresponds to the Boolean expression:

$$
Y=A B C+A^{\prime} C^{\prime}+B^{\prime} C^{\prime}
$$



# COOCH BEHAR PANCHANAN BARMA UNIVERSITY 

B.Sc. Honours 6th Semester Examination, 2021

## Chemistry

## Green Chemistry

## DSE-4

> The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
> All symbols are of usual significance.

## Answer any one question from the following

1. (a) Why do we need green chemistry as a regular practice in our chemical
laboratory? What are the limitations or obstacles in the pursuits of the goals of
Green Chemistry?$25 \times 1=25$
(b) How would you design an organic reaction according to the most fundamental green chemistry principle the "atom economy"? Calculate the atom economy for the following substitution reaction, where 1-Bromobutane is the desired product.

(c) What is supercritical $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ ? Mention the uses of $\mathrm{ScCO}_{2}$ as a green solvent in different organic reactions with examples.
(d) What are the advantages of microwave heating over conventional heating in organic synthesis? Give one example for each of the following microwaveassisted reactions in water:
(i) Hofmann elimination
(ii) Oxidation of toluene.
(e) What are biocatalysts? What are the advantages of biocatalysts? Give one example for each of the bio-catalyzed oxidation and reduction reactions.
2. (a) What do you mean by "on water" and "in water" reaction?
(b) What is ionic liquid? Why ionic liquid can replace the conventional solvents? Write a general method for the preparation of ionic liquid.
(c) Outline the green synthesis of adipic acid using bio-resources.
(d) What are sonochemical reactions? Explain the use of ultrasound in different organic reactions.
(e) What are rightfit pigments? Write the name and the structure of two rightfit pigments. Write the advantages of rightfit pigments over inorganic and toxic pigments.

