Remove Watermark

wondersmane wonderennement



B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

CHEMISTRY-II (PRACTICAL)

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

CORE-5

Time Allotted: 1 Hour

Full Marks: 15

Wondershare

PDFelement

Remove Watermark

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

Experiment No. 1

Find out the value of partition coefficient (K_D) of a non-volatile solute between the supplied liquid and water

-×-

•	State Nernst Distribution Law with its limitations:	4
•	Define Partition Coefficient	2
•	Derivation of working formula for determining partition coefficient	4
•	Discuss the effect of temperature on partition coefficient	2
•	Discuss the application of partition coefficient	3



Wondershare

PDFelement

Full Marks: 25

Remove Watermark

COOCH BEHAR PANCHANAN BARMA UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

CHEMISTRY

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

CORE-5

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

		Answer any one question from the following	$25 \times 1 = 25$
1.	(a)	Explain graphically the work done during the compression and expansion of one mole of an ideal gas.	5
	(b)	Prove that work done in reversible process is greater than that of Irreversible process.	4
	(c)	Prove that $(ds/dT)_V = nC_{V,m}/T$. What percentage T_1 is of T_2 for a 10% efficiency of a heat engine?	3+2
	(d)	Discuss the origin of colligative property by drawing chemical potential vs temperature diagram for a solvent in solid, liquid and vapour phases along with addition of a non-volatile solute to this solvent.	5
	(e)	100 ml of a solution containing 1.73 g of substance 'A', isotonic with a solution containing 1.7 g of glucose dissolved in 100 ml of its solution. Calculate the molecular weight of 'A'.	4
	(f)	Elevation of boiling point is a colligative property. — Explain.	2
2.	(a)	Explain Joule-Thomson co-efficient, inversion temperature. Deduce the relationship, $\mu_{J,T} = -\frac{1}{C_P} \left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial P}\right)_T$	5
	(b)	Show that the work destroyed in the single stage compression is greater than two stage compression under same conditions of initial and final states of a system.	5
	(c)	"All natural processes are irreversible." — Justify it.	2
	(d)	What is osmotic pressure? Derive the expression of osmotic pressure thermodynamically.	5
	(e)	Discuss thermodynamics of chemical reactions and define reaction potential.	5
	(f) ir	Equilibrium constant for a certain reaction is doubled when the temperature is acreased from 27°C to 47°C. Calculate the enthalpy change for the reaction.	3

3013T

-X-



B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

CHEMISTRY (PRACTICAL)

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

CORE-6

Time Allotted: 1 Hour

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

Answer any one question from the following

- 1. (a) Explain the following observation:
 - $2\text{CuSO}_{4} + 4\text{KI} \rightarrow \text{Cu}_{2}\text{I}_{2} + \text{I}_{2} + 2\text{K}_{2}\text{SO}_{4}$ Given: $E^{0}_{\text{Cu}^{2+}/\text{Cu}^{+}} = +0.15 \text{ V}$ $E^{0}_{\text{I}_{2}/2\text{I}^{-}} = +0.54 \text{ V}$
 - (b) Why is sodium thiosulphate considered as 'secondary standard'?2(c) Write down the basic chemical reactions (redox reaction) during the4
 - (d) What is available chlorine?

standardization of sodium thiosulphate.

- (e) What is the role of sodium sulphite for the preparation of cuprous(I) chloride?
- (f) Comment on the direction of the following chemical redox reaction with explanation.

$$Cu^{I} \rightleftharpoons Cu + Cu(II)$$

- 2. (a) How would you explain disinfectant nature of bleaching powder?
 2
 (b) What is alum? Give one example of alum type compound.
 (c) Why is monovalent copper unstable oxidation state? Give one example of stable 2+1+2=5 Cu(I) complex. Justify your example behind stabilisation.
 (d) Distinguish between iodometric and iodimetric titration. Why is iodine-starch 2+2 = 4 complex blue in colour?
 - (e) What is formal potential considered as 'conditional potential'? 2

-X-

Full Marks: 15

Wondershare

PDFelement

2



B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

CHEMISTRY

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II

CORE-6

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

$25 \times 1 = 25$ Answer any one question from the following

- 1. (a) For each of the following chemical reactions, identify the acid and base, 4 furthermore indicate whether the acid is a Brönsted-Lowry acid $SiCl_4 + 4H_2O \rightarrow Si(OH)_4 + 4HCl$ $AsF_3 + SbF_5 \rightarrow [ASF_2]^+ [SbF_6]^ Na_2O + H_2O \rightarrow 2Na^+ + OH^ NaHCO_3 + HCl \rightarrow H_2O + CO_2 + NaCl$ 2+2 = 4(b) Explain the term with proper explanation along with examples: 'Kinetically faster oxidising agent' 'Thermodynamically faster oxidising agent' (c) The atomic radius of Cl is 102 pm. Explain why the ionic radius of Cl in the 3 perchlorate ion is 41 pm, whereas the ionic radius of Cl in the chloride ion is 181 pm. Compare both values to the atomic radius. 3 (d) Do you notice any change of polarity of the solution when solid I_2 is treated separately in (i) CCl_4 (ii) Benzene solution? — Justify your answer. (e) Give one example of paramagnetic oxide of chlorine. 1
 - (f) While 'NO₂' dimerizes but 'NO' does not explain.
 - (g) Explain the following data:

HF HI ΔH_{f}^{0} (kJ/mol): -271.1 26.48 2 3

Remove Watermark

Full Marks: 25

UG/CB	Remove Watermark CS/B.Sc./Hons./3rd Sem./Chemistry/CCCEMH6/2020, held in 20.	Wondershare PDFelement
(h)	Explain the following hydrolysis reactions:	3
	$AIMe_3 + 3H_2O \rightarrow A1(OH)_3 + 3CH_4$	
	$n \operatorname{GaMe}_3 + n \operatorname{H}_2 \operatorname{O} \rightarrow [\operatorname{Me}_2 \operatorname{Ga}(\operatorname{OH})]_n + n \operatorname{CH}_4$	
(i)	Why are noble gases monoatomic?	2
2. (a)	What happen when iodine is added to silver nitrate solution in presence of an excess of pyridine in chloroform solution?	3
(b)	Explain the following process:	2
	$IO_4^- + 2H_2O \rightleftharpoons H_4IO_6^-$	
(c)	'Solution of alkali metals in liquid ammonia are strongly reducing in nature' — Explain.	2
(d)	What happen when solid ammonium chloride is added in alkali metal in liquid ammonia solution?	2
(e)	What species are present in solutions of the following in anhydrous HF?	3
	(i) H_2SO_4 (ii) BF_3 (iii) HNO_3	
(f)	Why do halogen exhibit characteristics colour?	3
(g)	What is co-solvating agent? How does it differ from catalyst?	3
(h)	NF_3 has no donor property while PF_3 from numerous complexes with transition metals — Explain.	2
(i)	'Diborane behaves as base' — Explain with example.	2
(j)	'Xenon is not inert gas, it is noble' — Explain with examples.	3

_____x____



B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

CHEMISTRY (PRACTICAL)

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-III

CORE-7

Time Allotted: 1 Hour

Full Marks: 15

Wondershare

PDFelement

Remove Watermark

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

Answer any one question from the following

1.	(a)	Report one green method for the bromination of acetanilide with proper mechanism of the reaction.	10
	(b)	Viva-Voce (Internal Examiner should take the examination).	5
2.	(a)	Report the oxidation of benzil to benzilic acid using one green method with proper mechanism of the reaction.	10
	(b)	Viva-Voce (Internal Examiner should take the examination).	5

-x-



B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

CHEMISTRY

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

CORE-7

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

Answer any *one* question from the following

1. Answer *all* questions:

(a) Predict the products with suitable mechanism:



(b) How would you carry out the following transformation?

 $2 \times 3 = 6$

Wondershare

PDFelement

Full Marks: 25

25×1=25

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

Remove Watermark



(c) Explain why the following aldehydes does not undergo Cannizzaro reaction?



2. Answer *all* questions:

(a) Explain way:

- (i) Phenyl azide does not undergo Schmidt reaction.
- (ii) A large excess of mineral acid is used in diazotization process.
- (iii) When a solution of Ph_3C -COOH in conc. H_2SO_4 is poured into methanol it yields Ph_3CO -Me.
- (iv) Oxime of benzaldehyde does not give normal Beckmann rearrangement.
- (b) Predict the product with suitable explanation about product stereochemistry.



- (c) What combination of carbonyl compound and ylide could you use to prepare 3-methyl-3-heptene?
- (d) When butamide is treated with Br_2 in aqueous sodium hydroxide solution N, N-dipropyl urea is recovered along with *n*-propyl amine. Explain.
- (e) Identify the products A, B, and C from the following reaction:

$$H_{+C} \xrightarrow{HCN} [A] \xrightarrow{i) \text{LiAlH}_4} [B] \xrightarrow{H_2SO_4 + \text{NaNO}_2} [C]$$

(f) Predict the products with suitable mechanism:

O





 $2 \times 2 = 4$

Remove Watermark

Wondershare

DFelement

3

2

3

3

 $2 \times 4 = 8$

 $3 \times 2 = 6$





B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

PHYSICS

DIGITAL SYSTEMS AND APPLICATIONS

CORE-7

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 25

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

	Answer any one question from the following	$25 \times 1 = 25$
1.	Simplify the following logic expressions by K-Map and realize the circuits using NAND gates?	25
	(i) $f_1(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(1, 3, 5, 6, 9, 13, 15)$	
	(ii) $f_2(A, B, C, D) = \prod M(4, 5, 6, 7, 12, 13)$	

2. Discuss briefly about 4-bit asynchronous and decade counter with their proper 25 circuits diagram.

-×—

3112T





B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

PHYSICS (PRACTICAL)

MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS-II LAB

CORE-5

Time Allotted: 1 Hour

1.

Full Marks: 15

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

Answer any one question from the following	$15 \times 1 = 15$
Write a Scilab program to find the roots of the quadratic equation	15
$x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0.$	

2. Write a Scilab program to find the solution of the following set of equations: 15

-X-

$$x - y + 2z = 3$$
$$x + 2y + 3z = 5$$
$$3x - 4y - 5z = -13$$

3012P





B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

PHYSICS

MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS-II

CORE-5

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

Answer any one question from the following

 $25 \times 1 = 25$

Full Marks: 25

1. From the functional form in the given diagram



Find the Fourier coefficients a_0, a_n and b_n .

From Perseval's identity for an uniformly converging function f(x) in the interval (-L, L)

$$\frac{1}{L}\int_{-L}^{L} [f(x)]^2 dx = \frac{a_0^2}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n^2 + b_n^2)$$

Arrive at the following series

$$\frac{1}{1^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} + \frac{1}{5^4} + \dots = \frac{\pi^4}{96}$$

Form the above show that

$$\frac{1}{1^4} + \frac{1}{2^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} + \dots = \frac{\pi^4}{90}$$

3012T

1

Turn Over

10

10

UG/CBCS/B.Sc./Hons./3rd Sem./Physics/CCPHSH5/2020, held in 2021

2. Gamma function is defined by

$$\Gamma(z) = \int_{0}^{\infty} t^{z-1} e^{-t} dt$$

$$Re(z) > 0$$

where Re(z) > 0.

(a) For z being a real number x show that

$$\Gamma(x) = (x-1)\Gamma(x-1)$$

(b) For x being a real non-zero integer n, i.e., $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$, show that

$$\Gamma(n) = (n-1)!$$

where $n!=n \cdot (n-1) \cdot (n-2) \cdots 1$.

- 10 (c) Prove that $\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}) = \sqrt{\pi}$
- (d) Thus show the following for an integer n

$$\Gamma\left(n+\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{(2n-1)!!}{2^n}\sqrt{n}$$

Where $(2n-1)!!=(2n-1)\cdot(2n-3)\cdots 1$.

3012T



2



5

5





B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

PHYSICS (PRACTICAL)

THERMAL PHYSICS LAB

CORE-6

Time Allotted: 1 Hour

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

Answer any one question from the following

 $15 \times 1 = 15$

Full Marks: 15

- 1. Write down the formula to be used to determine the coefficient of thermal 15 conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee and Charlton's disc method. Draw only the table required to record the experimental data (without data) and the graphical nature of variation of temperature with time.
- 2. Draw the circuit diagram and required formula to determine the temperature 15 coefficient of resistance by Platinum Resistance Thermometer. Draw the tables required to tabulate the experimental data (no actual data is required). Write what type of precautions should be taken to get more accurate result.

-x-

3062P



B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

PHYSICS

THERMAL PHYSICS

CORE-6

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

Answer any *one* **question from the following** $25 \times 1 = 25$

(a) State and prove the Carnot's theorem and show that the efficiency of a reversible engine working between a given pair of source and sink is independent of the nature of the working substance. Find the thermal efficiency of reversible engine operating in a cycle consisting of two isotherms and two isobars, using ideal gas as working substance. Assume the specific heat Cp, Cv to be constant throughout the process.

(b) Define Helmholtz free energy; prove the relation $U = -T^2 \left[\frac{\partial'}{\partial T} \left(\frac{F}{T} \right) \right]_V$ symbols 12 carry their usual meaning. Using Clausius theorem show that for any process $s_f - s_i \ge \int_i^f \frac{dQ}{T}$ Symbols carry their usual meaning.

2. (a) Deduce Maxwell's velocity distribution law and hence obtain an expression for 15 the expression for the energy distribution of the gas molecules. Compare the graphical nature of the distribution function in the two cases. Prove thermodynamically $\frac{E_s}{E_T} = \frac{C_P}{C_V} = \gamma$

(b) Show that for a Vander Waal's gas
$$C_P - C_V = R\{1 + \frac{2a}{RTV_3}(V-b)^2\}$$
 10

3062T

-×-

Full Marks: 25

Remove Watermark



B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

PHYSICS (PRACTICAL)

DIGITAL SYSTEMS AND APPLICATIONS LAB

CORE-7

Time Allotted: 1 Hour

Full Marks: 15

Remove Watermark

Wondershare

PDFelement

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

Answer any *one* **question from the following** $15 \times 1 = 15$

- 1. Discuss briefly about the theory of Half Subtractor and 4-bit binary Subtractor with15their truth tables and circuit diagrams.15
- 2. Discuss briefly about the theory with truth table of RS Flip-Flop, D-type Flip-Flop 15 and JK Flip-Flop and draw the circuits diagram using NAND gates.



B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

MATHEMATICS

THEORY OF REAL FUNCTIONS

CORE-5

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

1.

2.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

	Answer any two questions	$20 \times 2 = 40$
(a)	Show that both $f(x) = x$ and $g(x) = x - 1$ are strictly increasing on $I = [0, 1]$, but that their product fg is not increasing on I .	7
(b)	Use the Maclaurin Series of $(1-x)^{-2}$ for $ x < 1$ to find the sum $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{n+1}{9^n}$.	6
(c)	A function $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ satisfies the condition $f(x+y) = f(x)f(y) \forall x, y \in \mathbb{R}$. If f is continuous at $x = 0$, prove that f is continuous on \mathbb{R} .	7
(a)	Using $\epsilon - \delta$ definition of limit, prove $\lim_{x \to c} \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{c}$ if $c > 0$.	6
(b)	State and prove Rolle's theorem.	7
(c)	If $f(x) = -2\sin x$, $-\pi \le x \le -\frac{\pi}{2}$ = $a\sin x + b$, $-\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$	7

is continuous on
$$[-\pi, \pi]$$
, find the values of *a* and *b*.

 $=\cos x$, $\frac{\pi}{2} \le x \le \pi$

- 3. (a) Prove that between any two real roots of the equation $e^x \cos x + 1 = 0$, there is at least one real root of the equation $e^x \sin x + 1 = 0$.
 - (b) Find the points of discontinuity of the function

$$f(x) = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\log (2+x) - x^{2n} \sin x}{1 + x^{2n}}, \ x \in \mathbb{R}$$

(c) If
$$f(x) = x^2 \sin \frac{1}{x}$$
, $x \neq 0$
 $= 0$, $x = 0$
and $g(x) = x$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$
Show that $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)}$ does not exist, but $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{f'(0)}{g'(0)}$.

-X-

Remove Watermark PDFele

Wondershare PDFelement

Full Marks: 40

7



B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

MATHEMATICS

GROUP THEORY

CORE-6

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

1.

2.

3.

Full Marks: 40

Wondershare

PDFelement

Remove Watermark

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

Answer any two questions from the following	$20 \times 2 = 40$
(a) Show that every group of order 49 contains a subgroup of order 7.	6
(b) Let G be a group of order 15. A and B be two subgroups of order 5 and respectively. Then show that $G = AB$.	3 8
(c) Let H and K be two subgroups of a finite group G such that $ H > \sqrt{ G }$ and	d 6
$ K > \sqrt{ G }$. Show that $ H \cap K > 1$.	
(a) Prove that there are exactly $\frac{n!}{2}$ even permutations and exactly $\frac{n!}{2}$ od	d 8
permutations in $S_n(n \ge 1)$.	
(b) Let $\beta = (1 \ 3 \ 5 \ 7 \ 9 \ 8 \ 6) (2 \ 4 \ 10)$ in S_{10} . What is the smallest positive	e 6
integer <i>n</i> such that $\beta^n = \beta^{-5}$?	
(c) Let A and B be two subgroups of G. If $ A = p$, a prime number, then show that either $A \cap B = \{e\}$ or $A \subseteq B$.	at 6
(a) Define, $C(G)$, the center of a group G. Show that $C(G)$ is a subgroup of G and i	is 8
also abelian.	
(b) Let (G, \circ) be a group and $a, b \in G$. Suppose that $a^2 = e$ and $aba = b^7$. Prove	re 5
that $b^{48} = e$.	
(c) Let G be an abelian group containing six elements with one element 'a' or order 3. First show that there is an element b of order 2 in G. Next show that $a \cdot a$ is a generator of G and hence G is cyclic.	of 7 b

-x-



B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

MATHEMATICS (PRACTICAL)

PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION

CORE-7

Time Allotted: 1 Hour

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

Answer any one question from the following

- 1. Find analytically the characteristics of the equation pq = z and determine the 8+7 = 15 integral surface which passes through the parabola x = 0, $y^2 = z$. Then, write a code using any software to plot the integral surface for $x, y \in [-3, 3]$.
- 2. Solve the Cauchy's problem analytically for $z = \frac{1}{2}(p^2 + q^2) + (p x)(q y)$ 8+7 = 15 which passes through the *x*-axis. Hence, write a code using any software to plot the integral surface when $x, y \in [-1, 1]$.

-×-

Wondershare PDFelement

Remove Watermark

Full Marks: 15

 $15 \times 1 = 15$

3111T

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

Answer any one question from the following	$25 \times 1 = 25$

- 1. (a) Solve: $(x^2 yz)p + (y^2 zx)q = z^2 xy$
 - (b) Find the integral surface of the partial differential equation 10 $(x-y)y^2p + (y-x)x^2q = (x^2 + y^2)z$ passing through the curve $xz = a^3$, y = 0.
 - (c) Form a partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function φ from 5 $\varphi(x^2 + y^2 + z^2, z^2 - 2xy) = 0.$
- 2. (a) Find by the method of characteristics, the integral surface of pq = xy which 10 passes through the line z = x, y = 0.

(b) By using the method of separation of variables solve $3\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + 2\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 0$ with $5 z(x, 0) = 4e^{-x}$.

(c) Find the solution of the Cauchy problem for the first order PDE $x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = z$, 10 on $D = \{(x, y, z) \mid x^2 + y^2 \neq 0, z > 0\}$, with the initial condition $x^2 + y^2 = 1$, z = 1.

-×

1



B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2020, held in 2021

MATHEMATICS

PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

CORE-7

Remove Watermark

Wondershare

Full Marks: 25